

AS and A-level MATHS

Vectors

Specification content coverage: J1, J2, J3, J4, J5

In this test you will be assessed on:

- using vectors in two dimensions
- calculating the magnitude and direction of a vector and converting between component form and magnitude/direction form
- adding vectors diagrammatically and performing the algebraic operations of vector addition and multiplication by scalars, understanding their geometrical interpretations
- understanding and using position vectors, and calculating the distance between two points represented by position vectors
- using vectors to solve problems in pure mathematics and in context, including forces.

The test comprises two sections. The questions in section A will test you on the basics of the topic. Those in section B require a bit more thinking.

	Section A: The basics					
1		Which of the following is a vector quantity? Circle your answer.				
		Displacement	Mass	Speed	Time	
					[1 mark]	
2	Which of the following vectors is parallel to the vector $\mathbf{a} - 4\mathbf{b}$?					
		Circle your answer.				
		$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}+2\mathbf{b}$	8 b -2 a	3 a – 6 b	a +4 b	
					[1 mark]	
3		In the triangle PQR , $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \mathbf{q}$ and $\overrightarrow{PR} = \mathbf{r}$. <i>M</i> is the midpoint of <i>PR</i> .				
		Find the vector \overrightarrow{QM} in	terms of q and r .			
					[2 marks]	
4		a = 3 i – j and b = 2 i – 3	3j			
		Find a – 2 b in terms of	i and j.			
					[2 marks]	
5		Given that $\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, find	nd:			
5	(a)	a				
		I ■ 1			[1 mark]	
F	(1-)	o unit vootor in the dire	ation of n		[T mark]	
Э	(0)	a unit vector in the dire	cuon of p .			
					[1 mark]	
5	(c)	the angle between p ar	nd the vector j , giv	ring your answer to 1 de	ecimal place.	

[2 marks]



[2 marks]

Section B: A bit more thinking						
8	Two forces, \mathbf{F}_1 and \mathbf{F}_2 , are given by the vectors $\mathbf{F}_1 = (3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j})$ newtons ar $\mathbf{F}_2 = (\mathbf{i} + p\mathbf{j})$ newtons respectively.					
		The resultant force acts in a direction parallel to the vector $(2i-3j)$.				
		Find <i>p</i> .				
			[4 marks]			
9		In this question, i and j represent east and north respectively.				
		A boat, <i>A</i> , has position vector $(2i + j)$ km and a buoy, <i>B</i> , has position vect $(6i - 8j)$ km.	or			
9	(a)	Find the distance between the buoy and the boat.				
			[2 marks]			
9	(b)	Find the bearing of the buoy from the boat.				
			[2 marks]			
9	(c)	The boat travels with constant velocity towards the buoy, taking 45 minute reach the buoy.	es to			
		Find the velocity vector of the boat.				
			[2 marks]			
10		X, Y and Z are collinear.				
		X and Y have position vectors $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$ respectively.				
		Given that $XZ = 3 YZ$, find the possible position vectors for Z.				
			[3 marks]			
11		The point <i>A</i> lies on the line $y = 2x - 1$.				
		Given that $\left \overrightarrow{OA}\right = \sqrt{34}$, find the possible expressions for \overrightarrow{OA} in the form	pi + qj.			
			[4 marks]			